Date of planning: 17/11/2024

PERIOD 34:

UNIT 4: URBANISATION

Lesson 4: Speaking- Changes in a living area.

I. OBJECTIVES

By the end of this lesson, Ss will be able to:

1. Knowledge

- Gain an overview of urbanisation in a living area.
- Memorize vocabulary to talk about changes in a living area.

2. Competences

- Develop communication skills
- Be collaborative and supportive in pair work and teamwork

3. Personal qualities

- Be proud and respectful of places and sites in your country
- Actively join in class activities

II. MATERIALS

- Grade 12 textbook, Unit 4, speaking
- Computer connected to the Internet
- Projector / TV
- hoclieu.vn

Language analysis

Form	Pronunciation	Meaning	Vietnamese equivalent
1. empty roads	/''em(p)tē rōd/	typically refers to roads or streets that have very few or no vehicles or pedestrians on them.	
2. wet markets (n)	/wet 'ma:kit/	a market selling fresh meat, fish, and vegetables.	
3. convenience stores (n)	/kənˈviːniəns stɔ:(r)/	a small local shop that sells food, newspapers, etc. and has long opening hours	
4. high-rise buildings	/haı raız 'bıldıŋz/	typically refers to roads or streets that have very few or no vehicles or pedestrians on them.	
5. low-rise buildings	/ləʊ raɪz ˈbɪldɪŋz/	structures characterized by their relatively modest height, typically fewer than five or six stories, although	



Assumption

Anticipated difficulties	Solutions	
1. Students may lack knowledge about some lexical items.	Provide students with the meaning and pronunciation of words.	
2. Students may have underdeveloped reading, speaking and co-operating skills.	 Let students read the text again (if necessary). Create a comfortable and encouraging environment for students to speak. Encourage students to work in pairs, in groups so that they can help each other. Provide feedback and help if necessary. 	

III. PROCEDURES

- **1. WARM-UP** (5 mins)
- a. Objectives:
- To stir up the atmosphere in the classroom and lead in the lesson.
- **b.** Content:
- Multiple choice quiz.
- c. Expected outcomes:
- Students join the game enthusiastically and gain knowledge on the topic.
- d. Organisation:

TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Quiz	- Students look at the questions	Answer key:
- Teacher shows the questions with	and work in group.	1. ◆
multiple choices.	- Students raise hands to	2. •
- Ss works in 4 groups. Each group	answer	3.
raises their hands to take turn and		4. •
answer the questions.		5. ▲
- The team with highest points is		6. ▲
the winner.		

e. Assessment

- Teacher observes and gives feedback.

2. ACTIVITY 1: CONTROLLED PRACTICE (10 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To get students learn vocabulary related to the topic;
- To activate prior knowledge about the topic and get Ss involved in the lesson.



- Pre-teach vocabulary related to the content of the lesson;
- Introducing tips to give instructions.
- Task 1. The pictures show how River City has changed over time. Work in pairs. Read the words and phrases and decide which describes the city in the past (P) and which now (N). (p. 54)

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can understand the lesson and do the tasks successfully.

d. Organisation

TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Vocabulary pre-teaching (4 mins)		
- Teacher introduces the vocabulary.	- Students listen to the	New words:
- Teacher explains the meaning of the new	teacher's explanation and	1. empty roads
vocabulary with different techniques	repeat the words.	2. wet markets (n)
(pictures, actions, synonyms)		3. convenience stores (n)
- Teacher checks students' understanding		4. high-rise buildings
with the "Rub out and remember"		5. low-rise buildings
technique.		
- Teacher asks Ss to take notes on their		
notebooks.		
Task 1: The pictures show how River City has changed over time. Work in pairs. Read the words		
and phrases and decide which describes the	e city in the past (P) and which	now (N). (6 mins)
- Tell Ss to look at the picture that shows	- Students listen to the	Past/Then:
how River City has changed over time.	teacher's explanation.	• low-rise buildings
Encourage Ss to look at the picture and spot	- Ss do the task and take note.	• old
the differences of River City in the past and		• rice field
River City at present. E.g., low-rise		• wet markets
buildings (in the past) vs. high-rise		• empty roads
buildings (at present)		Today/Now:
- Ask Ss to work in pairs, read the given		• high-rise buildings
words/phrases and decide which describe		• modern
the city in the past and which today.		• park
- Be prepared to teach students any new		• convenience stores/
words or phrases, e.g., wet market (a market		supermarkets
selling fresh meat, fish, vegetables, etc.).		• busy streets
- Check answers as a class.		

e. Assessment

- Teacher checks students' understanding by asking some checking-questions.

3. ACTIVITY 2: LESS- CONTROLLED PRACTICE (15 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To give Ss an opportunity to practise talking about changes in River City in pairs.
- To help Ss practise words and phrases in talking about changes in an area.



- Task 2: Work in pairs. Talk about the changes in River City. use the words and phrases in Task 1. (p.54)

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can understand the lesson and do the tasks successfully.

d. Organisation

TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Task 2: Work in pairs. Talk about the changes in River City. use the words and phrases in Task 1.		
- Explain the task and ask Ss to look at the	- Students share the answers	Suggested answers:
given example for reference.	in pairs.	• In the past, this place
- Tell Ss to use the grammar points learnt in		only had low-rise
this unit (present perfect and double		buildings. However, a
comparatives) to talk about these changes.		lot of high-rise buildings
- Have Ss work in pairs. Walk round the		have been built here.
class to offer help if necessary.		• They have opened a lot
- Invite some pairs of Ss read out loud their		of convenience stores
sentences about the changes in River City.		and supermarkets to
		replace the old wet
		markets.
		• There used to be a rice
		field outside the city, but
		it has been replaced by a
		city park.
		• In the past, the roads
		were almost empty.
		There was hardly any
		traffic. Now, the streets
		are busy and there are
		too many cars on the
		roads.

3. ACTIVITY 3: FREE PRACTICE (10 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To give Ss an opportunity to take part in a group activity to prepare a description about changes in River city, then report their description to the whole class.

b. Content:

- Task 3: Report your answers to the whole class. Vote for the best description. (p. 54)

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can understand the lesson and do the tasks successfully.

TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Task 3: Report your answers to the whole class. Vote for the best description. (7 mins)		
- Ask Ss to form groups share the sentences	- Students work in group	Suggested answers:
that they have produced about the changes I		Description sample
River City from the previous activity.		When we look at the
		picture of the River City



- Tell Ss to make an outline for the description.
- Provide Ss with an outline of the description and ask them to complete the description.
- Have Ss practising the report in their groups to improve their fluency in speaking.
- Walk around to offer help Ss, if necessary, and encourage quiet group members to get involved.
- Ask groups to report their description and the whole class to vote for the best description.

in the past and at present, we have noticed a lot of changes in this city over the years. The old town/village now has become a more and more modern city. A lot of high-rise buildings have been built to replace all the low-rise buildings. There used to be a rice field outside the city, but it has been replaced by a city park. They have opened a lot of convenience stores and supermarkets to replace the old wet markets. In the past, the roads were almost empty, but now they have become very busy streets.

e. Assessment

- Teacher corrects for students by going around while they're practising.
- Teacher gives corrections and feedback.

4. CONSOLIDATION (5 mins)

a. Wrap-up

- Teacher asks students to talk about what they have learnt in the lesson.

b. Homework

- Do exercises in the workbook.

Board plan

Date of teaching

Unit 4: Urbanisation Lesson 4: Speaking

* Warm-up Ouiz

Controlled Practice

- Pre-teaching vocabulary



- Task 1. The pictures show how River City has changed over time. Work in pairs. Read the words and phrases and decide which describes the city in the past (P) and which now (N). (p. 54)

Less controlled Practice

Task 2: Work in pairs. Talk about the changes in River City. use the words and phrases in Task 1. (p.54)

Free practice

Task 3: Report your answers to the whole class. Vote for the best description. (p. 54)

* Homework



Date of planning: 17/11/2024

PERIOD 35:

UNIT 4: URBANISATIONLesson 5: Listening- A radio talk.

I. OBJECTIVES

By the end of this lesson, Ss will be able to:

1. Knowledge

- Gain an overview about A radio talk about urbanisation.
- Memorize vocabulary to talk about the advantages of urbanisation.

2. Competences

- Develop communication skills and creativity
- Be collaborative and supportive in pair work and teamwork
- Develop presentation skills

3. Personal qualities

- Be proud and respectful of places and sites in your country.
- Actively join in class activities

II. MATERIALS

- Grade 12 textbook, Unit 4, Listening
- Computer connected to the Internet
- Projector / TV
- hoclieu.vn

Language analysis

Form	Pronunciation	Meaning	Vietnamese equivalent
1. reliable (adj)	/rɪˈlaɪ.ə.bəl/	Someone or something that is reliable can be trusted or believed because he, she, or it works or behaves well in the way you expect	
2. rapidly (v)	/ˈræpɪdli/	very quickly; at a great rate	
3. Go up (phr.v)	/gəʊ/ /ʌp/	to move higher, rise, or increase	
4. medical facilities	/ˈmɛdɪkəl/ /fəˈsɪlətiz/	to places or establishments where medical care, treatment, and health- related services are provided.	

Assumption

Anticipated difficulties	Solutions
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1. Students may lack knowledge about some lexical items.	Provide students with the meaning and pronunciation of words.	
2. Students may have underdeveloped reading, speaking and co-operating skills.	 Let students read the text again (if needed). Create a comfortable and encouraging environment for students to speak. Encourage students to work in pairs, in groups so that they can help each other. Provide feedback and help if necessary. 	
3. Some students will talk excessively in the class.	Define expectation in explicit detail.Continue to define expectations in small chunks (before every activity).	

III. PROCEDURES

1. WARM-UP (5 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To help Ss understand and activate their knowledge of the topic.
- To set the context for the listening part.

b. Content:

- Quiz

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can understand the lesson and do the tasks successfully.

d. Organisation

TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Quiz	- Students follow the teacher's	Link:
- Teacher shows the video about	instructions and do the task in	https://www.youtube.com/watc
urbanisation.	teams.	h?v=u13tvhe8l9w
- Questions are shown one by one,		
the whole class compete to answer		
the questions.		
- After the game, Ss with the highest		
point is the winner.		
- Teacher leads in the lesson.		

e. Assessment

- Teacher corrects for students (if needed)

2. ACTIVITY 1: PRE- LISTENING (10 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To get students to learn vocabulary related to the topic.
- To activate prior knowledge about the topic and get Ss involved in the lesson.
- To set the context for the listening part.

b. Content:

- Vocabulary teaching
- Task 1: Choose the correct meanings of the underlined words (p.54)

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can understand the lesson and do the tasks successfully.



d. Organisation

TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS	
Vocabulary teaching (4 mins)			
- Teacher introduces the vocabulary.	- Students listen to the	New words:	
- Teacher explains the meaning of	explanation and repeat the	1. reliable (adj)	
the new vocabulary with different	words.	2. rapidly (v)	
techniques (pictures, actions,		3. Go up (phr. v)	
synonyms)		4. medical facilities	
- Teacher checks students'			
understanding with the "Rub out and			
remember" technique.			
- Teacher asks Ss to take notes on			
their notebooks.			
Task 1: Choose the correct meaning			
- Tell Ss that in the recording there	- Students listen to instructions	Answer key:	
will be some possible new words.	and find the answers.	1. A	
Ask Ss to look study the sentences	- Students pair up to check	2. B	
in which these new words are used	their answers and then check	3. A	
and choose the correct meanings of	with the class.		
these words.			
- Encourage Ss to study the context			
of these words, e.g. 1. 'rapidly' goes			
with 'increasing' and the reason			
'because many people want to buy			
their own houses' give the hint that			
it means A 'very quickly'.			
- Have Ss work in pairs to compare			
their answers.			
- Check answers as a class.			

e. Assessment

- Teacher corrects the students as a whole class.

3. ACTIVITY 2: WHILE- LISTENING (15 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To help Ss practise listening for general and specific information.

b. Content:

- Task 2: Listen to a radio talk about urbanisation. Choose the correct answer A, B, or C. (p.54)
- Task 3: Listen to the talk again and answer the questions. use no more than THREE words and/or a number. (p.55)

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can understand the lesson and do the tasks successfully.

TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Task 2: Listen to a radio talk about urbanisation. Choose the correct answer A, B, or C. (7 mins)		



- Tell Ss that the options could be in	- Students listen to the	Answ	er keys:	
phrases (questions 1, 4, and 5) and	instructions and do the task	1. C	•	3. B
in graphs (questions 2 and 3).			4. C	5. A
- Have Ss look through the questions				
and options. Make sure they				
understand them.				
- Encourage Ss to brainstorm				
synonyms or paraphrases of the				
options, e.g. world's urbanization				
(urbanization in the global world).				
- Play the recording twice and have				
Ss listen and choose their answers.				
- Ask Ss to compare their answers.				
- Ask Ss to provide evidence they				
caught from the recording.				
- Check answers by playing the				
recording again and pausing after				
the parts of the recording containing				
the information.				
Task 3: Listen to the talk again and	answer the questions, use no mo	ore that	n THREF	E words and/or
a number (8 mins)	and we are questions use no m	or o tilu		2 ,, or as una, or

a number. (8 mins)

- Have Ss read through the questions	- Students listen to the	Answer keys:
carefully and check if they	instructions and do the task	1. About 30 %/ thirty percent
understand all the vocabulary.		2. By 2050
- In stronger classes, ask Ss if they		3. (City's) better facilities
can answer the questions without		4. Goods and services
listening to the conversation again.		
- Ask Ss to focus on the type of		
information that they will need.		
Remind Ss of the word limit for		
each answer.		
- Play the recording and ask Ss to		
listen and take notes.		
- Have Ss compare their answers.		
- Check answers as a class by		
writing them on the board.		

e. Assessment

- Teacher observes and gives feedback.

4. ACTIVITY 3: POST-LISTENING (10 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To check students' understanding and memorize the information in the recording.
- To help some students enhance presentation skills.
- To practise teamwork.
- To give Ss an opportunity to use the language and ideas from the listening to express an opinion.



- Task 4. Work in groups. Discuss the following questions. (p.55)

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can understand the lesson and do the tasks successfully.

d. Organisation

TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS		
Task 4. Work in groups. Discuss the following questions. (p.55)				
Question :	- Students listen to the instructions and do the task	Suggested answer Sample answers		
 What do you think is the biggest advantage of urbanisation? Ask Ss to list the advantages of urbanisation that have been mentioned in the recording (access to better health and communication services, access to clean water and waste management facilities, improving quality of life). Put Ss into groups. Group members take turns telling what each of them thinks the biggest advantage of urbanisation is. Walk round the class and offer help if necessary. Invite Ss from some groups to share their opinions with the whole class. Encourage them to give reasons. 		 I think the biggest advantage of urbanisation is the opportunity to get access to better health services. This is because most of the big hospitals with the best medical facilities are often located in big cities. When people have better health services, they will have a healthier body and enjoy their life. I think the biggest advantage of urbanisation is having modern facilities. When people have access to more and better facilities, their life also gets easier and more comfortable. 		

e. Assessment

- Teacher observation on Ss' performance, provide help if necessary.
- Teacher's feedback and peers' feedback.

4. CONSOLIDATION (5 mins)

a. Wrap-up

- Summarise the main points of the lesson.

b. Homework

- Do exercises in the workbook

Board Plan



Date of teaching

Unit 4: Urbanisation Lesson 5: Listening- A radio post.

*Warm-up

Quiz

Pre-listening

- Vocabulary
- 1. reliable (adj)
- 2. rapidly (v)
- 3. Go up (phr. v)
- 4. medical facilities
- Task 1: Choose the correct meanings of the underlined words (p.54)

While-listening

- Task 2: Listen to a radio talk about urbanisation. Choose the correct answer A, B, or C. (p.54)
- Task 3: Listen to the talk again and answer the questions. use no more than THREE words and/or a number. (p.55)

Post- Listening

- Task 4. Work in groups. Discuss the following questions. (p.55)

*Homework



Date of planning: 17/11/2024

PERIOD 36:

UNIT 4: URBANISATION Lesson 6: Writing- DESCRIBING A LINE GRAPH

I. OBJECTIVES

By the end of this lesson, Ss will be able to:

1. Knowledge

- Write a description of a line graph.

2. Competences

- Develop communication skills and creativity
- Be collaborative and supportive in pair work and teamwork

3. Personal qualities

- Develop self-study skills;
- Actively join in class activities.

II. MATERIALS

- Grade 12 textbook, Unit 4, Writing
- Computer connected to the Internet
- Projector / TV
- hoclieu.vn

Assumption

Anticipated difficulties	Solutions	
Students may have underdeveloped	- Play the recording many times if necessary.	
listening, writing and co-operating	- Encourage students to work in pairs, in groups	
skills.	so that they can help each other.	
	- Provide feedback and help if necessary.	

III. PROCEDURES

1. WARM-UP (5 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To create an active atmosphere in the class before the lesson.
- To gain an overview of the line graph.
- To lead into the new lesson.

- Quiz
- c. Expected outcomes:
- Students can understand the lesson and do the tasks successfully.
- d. Organisation

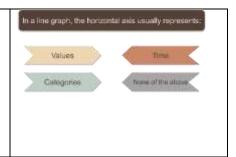
TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
	SIUDENIS ACITATIES	CONTENIO



Quiz

- Teacher shows the questions one by one, the whole class competes to answer the questions.
- After each question, teacher pauses for a moment to ask Ss to raise their hands to answer.
- Teacher leads in the lesson.

- Students listen to the instructions and do the task individually



e. Assessment

- Teacher observes and gives feedback.

2. ACTIVITY 1: PRE- WRITING (12 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To help Ss develop language for line graph description.
- To familiarise Ss with the structure and language of line graph description.

b. Content:

- Task 1: Work in pairs. Look at the line graph. match the sentences with the information in the graph. (p.55)
- Task 2: Look at the line graph and put the paragraphs in the correct order. (p.56)

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can understand the lesson and do the tasks successfully.

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TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS	
Task 1: Work in pairs. Look at the line graph. match the sentences with the information in the			
graph. (10 mins)			
- Ask Ss to look at the line graph that shows	- Students listen to the instructions	Answers key:	
the percentage of population in urban and	and work in pairs.	1.b 2. c 3. a	
rural areas over a long period of time.	- Students check answers with the		
- Focus Ss' attention on the changes over the	class.		
years for the urban and rural population			
patterns.			
- Ask Ss to read the given descriptions an			
explain if they don't understand what these			
descriptions mean.			
- Tell Ss to match the phrases (descriptions)			
with the information in the graph.			
- Put Ss into pairs. Have them work together			
to do the matching.			
- Check answers as a class.			
Task 2: Look at the line graph and put the p	paragraphs in the correct order. (10	mins)	
- Ask Ss to read the instructions, look at the	- Students listen to the instructions	Answer key:	
line graph and then study the outline of a line	and work in pairs.	The order is: B –	
graph description. Explain any words/phrases	- Students check answers with the	C - A	
that Ss don't know.	class.		
- Pre-teach some of the more difficult words			
and phrases, e.g. main trends, introduces			



- Put Ss in pairs to read and discuss the	
structure of line graph description. Then have	
them match each paragraph with a	
description.	
- Check answers as a class.	
• Ask Ss to read the Tips box. In	
weaker classes, give Ss time to read and	
explain any structures that they don't know.	
 To check understanding of the 	
structure and language of the line graph	
description, ask questions, such as How does	
the writer introduce the line graph? What	
expressions can be used to show the upward	
trends? What expressions can be used to	

e. Assessment

show the downward trends? What linking words can be used to compare or contrast?

- Teacher checks students' answers as a whole class.

3. ACTIVITY 2: WHILE- WRITING (18 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To provide Ss some ideas for the writing activity
- To help Ss practise writing a description of a line graph.

b. Content:

- Task 3: The line graph below illustrates population trends in Viet nam from 1960 to 2020. Write a description (120–150 words) of the graph. Use the expressions in Task 1, the model and tips in Task 2, and the suggestions below to help you. (p.56)

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can understand the lesson and do the tasks successfully.

TEACHEDIC ACTIVITIES	CELIDENIES A CELIMETES	CONTENTE	
TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS	
Task 3: The line graph below illustrates population trends in Viet nam from 1960 to 2020. Write a			
description (120–150 words) of the graph. Use the expressions in Task 1, the model and tips in			
Task 2, and the suggestions below to help you. (8 mins)			
- Ask Ss to read the instructions, then	- Students work in pairs and	Students' own answers	
look at the line graph. Tell Ss that they	independently as instructed.		
are also provided with some			
suggestions to complete their			
description.			
- Have Ss complete the description in			
pairs or individually.			
- Have Ss work individually to write			
their first draft.			
- Put Ss in pairs and ask them to swap			
their writing for peer feedback.			



- Collect Ss' writings to mark and	
provide written feedback in the next	
lesson.	

e. Assessment

- Teacher gives corrections and feedback.

4. ACTIVITY 3: POST- WRITING (18 mins)

a. Objectives:

- To do a cross-check and final check on students' writing.

b. Content:

- Students exchange their work for cross-checking.

c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can evaluate others' work as well as improve their own pieces of writing.

d. Organisation

TEACHEDAG A CTIVITATE		CONTENTE
TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
CROSS-CHECKING	- Students perform peer review.	Writing rubric
- Teacher has the pairs swap and give		1. Organization:/10
feedback on each other's writing.		2. Legibility:/10
Teacher shows a writing rubric to help		<i>3. Ideas:/10</i>
Ss do the peer review.		4. Word choice:/10
- Ss do the task as required.		5. Grammar usage and
- After peer review, Ss give the writing		mechanics:/10
back to the owner and discuss how to		TOTAL:/50
improve it.		
- Teacher then chooses one piece of		
writing and gives feedback on it as a		
model.		
- Teacher chooses some useful or		
excellent words/ phrases/ expressions/		
word choices Ss have used to give		
suggestions to other Ss		
- Teacher chooses some typical errors		
and correct as a whole class without		
nominating the Ss' names.		

e. Assessment

- Teacher gives corrections and feedback.

5. CONSOLIDATION (2 mins)

a. Wrap-up

- Summarise the main points of the lesson.

b. Homework

- Rewrite the paragraph in the notebooks.
- Do exercises in the workbook.

Board Plan



Date of teaching

Unit 4: My neighbourhood Lesson 6: Writing- Describing a line graph

*Warm-up

Quiz

*Pre- writing

- Task 1: Work in pairs. Look at the line graph. match the sentences with the information in the graph. (p.55)
- Task 2: Look at the line graph and put the paragraphs in the correct order. (p.56)

*While- writing

- Task 3: The line graph below illustrates population trends in Viet nam from 1960 to 2020. Write a description (120–150 words) of the graph. Use the expressions in Task 1, the model and tips in Task 2, and the suggestions below to help you. (p.56)

*Post- writing

- Cross- check.

*Homework

