Date of planning: 19 / 01 / 2025

PERIOD 61:

# UNIT 6: ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE Lesson 7: Communication and Culture / CLIL

#### I. OBJECTIVES

By the end of this lesson, Ss will be able to:

#### 1. Knowledge

- Expand vocabulary with the topic of the unit;
- Gain knowledge about the evolution of robots;
- Review expressions for getting attention and interrupting.

#### 2. Competences

- Develop communication skills and creativity;
- Develop presentation skill;
- Be collaborative and supportive in pair work and teamwork.

## 3. Personal qualities

- Be polite when getting attention and interrupting;
- Actively join in class activities.

#### II. MATERIALS

- Grade 12 textbook, Unit 6, Communication and Culture / CLIL
- Computer connected to the Internet
- Projector / TV
- hoclieu.vn

#### Language analysis

Form	Pronunciation	Meaning	Vietnamese equivalent
1. evolution (n)	/ˌiːvəˈluːʃn/	the slow steady development of something	tiến hóa
2. stimulus (n)	/ˈstɪmjələs/	something that helps somebody/something to develop better or more quickly	chất xúc tác
3. (to) provoke	/prəˈvəʊk/	to cause a particular reaction or have a particular effect	kích thích
4. slope (n)	/sləʊp/	a surface or piece of land that slopes (= is higher at one end than the other)	sườn núi
5. (to) imitate	/'imiteit/	to copy somebody/something	bắt chước



#### Assumption

Anticipated difficulties	Solutions
Students are reluctant to work in groups.	<ul><li>Encourage students to work in pairs and in groups so that they can help each other.</li><li>Provide feedback and help if necessary.</li></ul>
Students may lack vocabulary to deliver a speech.	<ul> <li>Explain expectations for each task in detail.</li> <li>Continue to explain task expectations in small chunks (before every activity).</li> <li>Provide vocabulary and useful language before assigning tasks</li> <li>Encourage students to work in groups so that they can help each other.</li> </ul>

#### III. PROCEDURES

#### **1. WARM-UP** (5 mins)

#### a. Objectives:

- To stir up the atmosphere and activate students' knowledge on the topic;
- To enhance students' skills of cooperating with teammates.

#### **b.** Content:

- Watch a video

#### c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can get knowledge about a modern robot in the world.

#### d. Organisation

TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Video watching	- Students work in groups to	Link:
- Before playing the video,	do the activity.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v
teacher asks Ss to watch carefully	- Students raise their hands to	=Q1d5aiBFNpM
and try to remember as many	answer the questions.	Questions:
details as possible. Ss can take		What's your impression on Ameca
notes if they want.		– the robot?
- Teacher shows the question, Ss		Suggested answers:
raise their hands to grab the		(students' own impression)
chance to answer.		
- Teacher leads in the lesson.		

#### e. Assessment

- Teacher observes the groups and gives feedback.

#### 2. ACTIVITY 1: EVERYDAY ENGLISH (20 mins)

#### a. Objectives:

- To provide a model conversation in which speakers get attention and interrupt;
- To review how to get attention and interrupt;





- To help Ss practise getting attention and interrupting.

#### **b.** Content:

- Task 1: Listen and complete the conversations with the expressions in the box. Then practise them in pairs (p.84)
- Task 2: Work in pairs. Use the models in Task 1 to make similar conversations for these situations. One of you is A, the other is B. Use the expressions below to help you. (p.84)

# c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can use appropriate language to get attention and interrupt in certain situations.

TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Task 1: Listen and complete the conversa		
pairs. (6 mins)		*
- Ask Ss to read through the two incomplete	- Students listen to the	Answer key:
conversations. Check comprehension by	recording.	1.C
asking questions, e.g. Who are the	- Students complete the conversation with words in	2.B
speakers? What are they talking about?	the box.	3.D
What is the difference between conversation 1 and conversation 2?	- Students practise the	
- Give Ss a few minutes to read the	conversation in pairs.	4.A
expressions in the box and check		
understanding.		
- In stronger classes, encourage Ss to fill in		
the gaps based on context clues.		
- Have Ss listen and complete the		
conversation with the words from the box.		
- Check answers by asking two Ss to read		
out the conversations.		
- Have Ss underline expressions used to get		
attention (Hey, May I have your attention)		
and interrupt (Do you mind, I'm sorry for		
interrupting)		
- Put Ss in pairs and have them practise the		
conversation.		
- Invite some pairs to role play the		
conversation in front of the class.		
Useful expressions (7 mins)		La a de
- Teacher gives students a list of	- Ss work in groups to do the	* Getting attention
expressions which are mixed together. Ss	task.	• May I have your attention,
have to classify them into 2 groups: get		please?
attention and interrupt.		• Could I ask you a question?
- Teacher asks Ss to classify the		• Can I have a few seconds/a
expressions into two groups.		moment of your time?
- Check as a class.		• Look!/Listen!/Watch!





- T asks if Ss can add some more	• Excuse me!
expressions.	• Sorry to bother you.
	• Hey!
	* Interrupting
	• I'm sorry for interrupting/to
	interrupt, but I don't quite
	understand
	• Sorry for the interruption,
	but could you(repeat)
	• This will only take a minute
	Would you mind (telling
	me)
	• I apologise for the
	interruption, but I have an
	important question about
	• Pardon me/Excuse me, I
	have
	• Hold on!
	• Just a second

# Task 2: Work in pairs. Use the models in Task 1 to make similar conversations for these situations. One of you is A, the other is B. Use the expressions below to help you. (6 mins)

- Ask Ss to read through the situations and check understanding. Ask them if they have been in similar situations, e.g. if they go to a museum and robot exhibition, see a friend and want to get his/her attention, how they can interrupt a speaker in a talk on AI.
- Have Ss work in pairs. In weaker classes, underline words and phrases in the model conversation that Ss can replace with information from the new situations. You can also write some prompts on the board.
- Go through the Useful expressions in the box and remind Ss to use them in their conversations.
- Give Ss a few minutes to plan their conversations. Have them write down some prompts to help them, e.g. how they are going to get the attention of a friend, how they are going to interrupt a speaker to ask a question...

- Make a plan for the conversation.
- Practise the role-play conversation, based on the two situations.
- Swap the role and continue practising.
- Perform in front of class.

# **Suggested answer:**

a.

you also attending the exhibition: Robots in the 21st century?
Student B: Hi, Mai. Yes, I have just arrived.
Student A: Sorry to bother you. Do you want to join me on a VR trip?
Student B: Definitely.

Student A: Hey, Long. Are

b.

Student A: ...So I have talked about the use of AI in education. Now, let's move to the application of AI in the workplace.

Student B: Excuse me, Dr Peter. Would you mind telling me more about the challenges





- Walk around the class and provide help if needed.	of using AI chatbots in the classroom?
- Call on some groups to role play their conversations in front of the class. Praise for good effort, appropriate use of the expressions for getting attention and interrupting, clear pronunciation and fluent delivery.	Student A: That's a good question. Well,

#### e. Assessment

- Teacher checks students' answers as a whole class.

# 3. ACTIVITY 2: CLIL (15 mins)

## a. Objectives:

- To introduce words / phrases related to the topic;
- To help Ss learn about the evolution of robots;
- To help Ss relate what they have learnt about AI robots in the world to the context of their own country.

#### **b.** Content:

- Task 1. Read the text and complete the timeline showing the evolution of robots (p.85)
- Task 2. Work in groups. Discuss the questions. (p.85)

#### c. Expected outcomes:

- Students understand the meaning of words, memorise the information, and relate what they have learnt about AI robots in the world to the context of their own country.

TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Task 1: Read the text and complete the timeline showing the evolution of robots. (10 mins)		
- Ask Ss some questions to find out what they already know about the topic, e.g. Have you ever had/met a robot? When did the first robot appear? How have robots changed?  - Ask Ss what they want to know about the topic. Write their questions on the board, e.g. What type of robots were first introduced? In which field are robots being used? Can you list some examples of robots?	- Students answer questions to find out what they already know about the topic Students work in pairs and read the text and complete the timeline illustrating the evolution of robots with suitable numbers or words.	Suggested answers: 1. 1959 2.Kismet 3.2005 4. visual-recognition
- Put Ss into pairs. Ask them to read the text and complete the timeline illustrating the evolution of robots with suitable numbers or words. Walk round the class		





and offer help, explaining unfamiliar words or answering questions.

- Check answers as a class calling on pairs to write their answers on the board. Have Ss provide evidence from the text for each answer.
- Go back to the questions on the board, i.e., the things Ss wanted to know about the topic. Ask which of the questions they can answer now and cross them out. Assign the rest for homework.

# Task 2: Work in groups. Discuss the questions. (5 mins)

- Ask Ss to work in groups to discuss the two questions.
- In weaker classes, ask questions to brainstorm ideas as a class, e.g. *Is AI* being used in Viet Nam? What are they?
- To answer the first question, encourage Ss to think of some fields which are applying AI, e.g. education (Google search, ChatGPT, Grammarly), workplace (facial recognition, Autoanswer box), home (robot cleaner, facial recognition), entertainment (VR). Then they come up with some ideas about how robots and AI will be in the future (AI will replace tedious or dangerous tasks, AI will treat, and largely eliminate, neurological disorders like Alzheimer's, Parkinson's, most birth defects, and spinal cord injuries as well as blindness and deafness, robots will be controlled by our minds)
- Invite some groups to present a summary of their discussion to the class.

- Students work in groups to discuss the question.
- Students share their ideas in front of class.

## Suggested answers:

Artificial intelligence (AI) and machine learning (ML) have become more popular in Vietnam with a large proportion of young people having experimented these fields after realizing their potential. There are three commonly used AI types - face recognition, voice recognition and image analysis. In the future, AI will replace tedious or dangerous tasks. It also will treat, and largely eliminate, neurological disorders like Alzheimer's, Parkinson's, most birth defects, and spinal cord injuries as well as blindness and deafness. Moreover, robots will be controlled by our minds and have more emotions and feelings.

#### e. Assessment

- Teacher corrects the students as a whole class.

#### **5. CONSOLIDATION** (3 mins)

#### a. Wrap-up

- T asks Ss to talk about what they have learnt in the lesson.

#### b. Homework

- Do exercises in the workbook.





- Prepare for Lesson 8 – Looking back and project.

**Date of planning: 19 / 01 / 2025** 

#### **PERIOD 62:**

# UNIT 6: ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE Lesson 8: Looking back and project

#### I. OBJECTIVES

By the end of this lesson, Ss will be able to:

#### 1. Knowledge

- Review the vocabulary and grammar of Unit 6;
- Apply what they have learnt (vocabulary and grammar) into practice through a project;
- Propose a way to use AI in daily lives and give a group presentation about it.

#### 2. Core competence

- Develop communication skills and creativity;
- Develop presentation skills;
- Develop critical thinking skills;
- Be collaborative and supportive in pair work and team work;
- Actively join in class activities.

#### 3. Personal qualities

- Be proud and respectful of famous people in Viet Nam and in the world
- Develop self-study skills.

#### II. MATERIALS

- Grade 12 textbook, Unit 6, Looking back and project
- Computer connected to the Internet
- Projector / TV/ pictures and cards
- hoclieu.vn

#### Assumption

Anticipated difficulties	Solutions
Students may have underdeveloped	- Encourage students to work in pairs and in groups so
speaking, writing and co-operating	that they can help each other.
skills when doing the project.	- Provide feedback and help if necessary.
Some students will excessively talk in	- Explain expectations for each task in detail.
the class.	- Continue to explain task expectations in small
	chunks (before every activity).

#### III. PROCEDURES

#### **1. WARM-UP** (5 mins)

## a. Objectives:

- To stir up the atmosphere and activate students' knowledge on the topic;
- To enhance students' skills of cooperating with teammates.





#### b. Content:

- Game: Lucky number

## c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can recall the vocabulary they have learnt in Unit 1.

#### d. Organisation

TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Game: Lucky number	- Students join the game and	Suggested words:
- Ss work in 2 teams.	guess the words.	1. Chatbots
- There are 7 numbers, 1 of which are lucky ones.		2. Personalize
- If Ss choose a lucky number, they get one point		3. Portfolio
without answering the question.		4. Virtual
- If they choose the other numbers, Ss have to		5. Platform
rearrange the letters in the word to make a correct		6. Robotic
one. (scramble words)		
- One point for a correct answer.		
- The group with the most points is the winner.		

#### e. Assessment

- Teacher observes the groups and gives feedback.

#### 2. ACTIVITY 1: LOOKING BACK (12 mins)

#### a. Objectives:

- To help Ss review the pronunciation of the homophones.
- To help Ss revise words and phrases they have learnt in this unit.
- To help Ss review the Active and Passive Causatives.

#### **b.** Content:

- Pronunciation: Listen and underline the homophone of the word in bold in each sentence. Then practise saying the sentences in pairs. (p.86)
- Vocabulary: Complete the sentences using the correct forms of the words in the box (p.86)
- Grammar: Choose the option A, B, C, or Dthat is closest in meaning to each of the given sentences. (p.86)

#### c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can use the knowledge they have learnt in this unit to complete the tasks successfully.

TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS		
Pronunciation: Listen and underline the homophone of the word in bold in each sentence. Then practise saying the sentences in pairs. (4 mins)				
<ul> <li>Tell Ss to listen and underline the homophone of the bold word in each sentence, then compare their answers in pairs.</li> <li>Play the recording once for Ss to check their answers.</li> </ul>	- Listen and underline the homophone of the bold word	Answer key: 1. allowed 2. board 3. wear 4. No		





- Have Ss practise saying the sentences out loud in pairs, paying attention to the homephones.	- Practise saying the sentences out loud in pairs.	<ol> <li>People are not <u>allowed</u> to talk aloud in the library.</li> <li>Students felt very bored when their teacher kept writing on the <u>board</u>.</li> <li>Where can I buy some new clothes to wear to the party?</li> </ol>
		4. Robots don't <b>know</b> how to say 'No'.
<b>Vocabulary: Complete the sentences</b>	using the correct forms of the v	words in the box (4 mins)
<ul> <li>Ask Ss to read each sentence and check comprehension.</li> <li>Tell Ss to study the context carefully and decide on the suitable word to complete each sentence.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Read each sentence.</li> <li>Study the context carefully and decide on the suitable word to complete each sentence.</li> </ul>	Answer key: 1. applications 2. artificial intelligence 3.activate 4. virtual
- Have Ss check their answers in pairs / groups.	- Check answers in pairs / groups.	
- Check answers as a class by asking individual Ss to read the sentences.		
<b>Grammar: Choose the option A, B, C</b> (4 mins)	, or D that is closest in meaning	g to each of the given sentences.
<ul><li>Ask Ss to read sentences and choose the correct answer for each sentence.</li><li>Have Ss check their answers in pairs / groups.</li></ul>	<ul><li>Read sentences and choose the correct answer for each sentence.</li><li>Check answers in pairs /</li></ul>	Answer key: 1. A 2. C 3. D 4. B
- Check answers by asking individual Ss to read each sentence and elicit the type of causative (active or passive) in each blank.	groups Explain the answers.	

#### e. Assessment

- Teacher obverses Ss's work and gives feedback.

#### 3. ACTIVITY 2: PROJECT (28 mins)

## a. Objectives:

- To provide an opportunity for Ss to develop their research and collaboration skills, and to practise giving a presentation.

#### **b.** Content:

- Presentation: AI in our lives

#### c. Expected outcomes:

- Students practice giving a presentation.





TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
<ul> <li>- As Ss have prepared for the project throughout the unit, the focus of this lesson should be on the final product, which is a poster/ leaflet.</li> <li>- Have Ss work in their groups. Give them a few minutes to get ready for their poster/ leaflet presentation. Ask them to decide who is going to stand by the group poster/ display their leaflet, and answer questions about it, and what questions the rest of the group can ask as they walk around the</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All groups exhibit their posters and make presentations.</li> <li>When one group makes a presentation, others listen and complete the evaluation sheet.</li> </ul>	Students' presentations
classroom and view other groups' posters/ leaflets.		
- Give Ss a checklist for peer and self-assessment. Explain that they will have to tick appropriate items while studying their classmates' posters and asking questions about them. They should also write comments if they have any. The group representatives should also complete their self-assessment checklist.		
- If necessary, go through the assessment criteria to make sure Ss are familiar with them.		
- Have groups display their posters/ leaflets. Ask the group representative to stand next to their posters/ display their leaflet while the rest of the class walk around, study the posters/ leaflet and ask questions about them. In stronger classes, you can have group members take turns to stand by the poster/leaflet and answer questions.		
- Give Ss enough time to study all posters/leaflets and complete the checklists. Then have them sit down and vote for the best poster/ leaflet.		
- You can also give Ss marks for their posters/ leaflets and poster/leaflet presentations as part of their continuous assessment.		

#### e. Assessment

- Teacher gives comments and feedback to all presentations.

# 4. CONSOLIDATION (3 mins)

# a. Wrap-up

- T asks Ss to talk about what they have learnt in the lesson.

# b. Homework

- Do exercises in the workbook.
- Prepare for Unit 7.





#### **Board Plan**

Date of teaching

Unit 6: Artificial Intelligence Lesson 8: Looking back and project

- \*Warm-up
- \* Looking back
- Pronunciation
- Vocabulary
- Language
- \* Project: AI in our daily lives
- \*Homework



# LESSON PLAN

(Based on Official Letter No. 5512/BGDÐT-GDTrH dated December 18, 2020 of the MOET)

**Date of planning: 19 / 01 / 2025** 

**PERIOD 63:** 

# **UNIT 7: THE WORLD OF MASS MEDIA**Lesson 1: Getting started – Promoting a charity event

#### I. OBJECTIVES

By the end of this lesson, Ss will be able to:

#### 1. Knowledge

- Gain an overview about the topic The world of mass media;
- Gain vocabulary to talk about promoting a charity event;
- Get to know the language aspects: adverbial clauses of manner and result.

### 2. Competences

- Develop communication skills and creativity;
- Be collaborative and supportive in pair work and teamwork;
- Actively join in class activities.

#### 3. Personal qualities

- Be responsible for the community;
- Develop self-study skills.

#### II. MATERIALS

- Grade 12 textbook, Unit 7, Getting started
- Computer connected to the Internet
- Projector / TV
- hoclieu.vn

a

#### Language analysis

Form	Pronunciation	Meaning	Vietnamese equivalent
1. in charge of (idiom)	/ın tʃɑːdʒ əv/	responsible for	chịu trách nhiệm về
2. publicity (n)	/pʌbˈlɪs.ə.ti/	the attention that is given to somebody/something by newspapers, television, etc.	sự công khai
3. advert (n)	/ˈædvɜːt/	a notice, picture or film telling people about a product, job or service	quảng cáo





4. profit-making (adj)	/'profit meikiŋ/	(of a company or a business) that makes or will make a profit	sinh lời
5. commercial (n)	/kəˈmɜ:ʃl/	an advertisement on television, on the radio or on a website	quảng cáo

# Assumption

Anticipated difficulties	Solutions	
Students are reluctant to work in groups.	<ul><li>Encourage students to work in pairs and in groups so that they can help each other.</li><li>Provide feedback and help if necessary.</li></ul>	
Students may lack vocabulary to deliver a speech.	<ul> <li>Explain expectations for each task in detail.</li> <li>Continue to explain task expectations in small chunks (before every activity).</li> <li>Provide vocabulary and useful language before assigning tasks.</li> <li>Encourage students to work in groups so that they can help each other.</li> </ul>	

#### III. PROCEDURES

- **1. WARM-UP** (5 mins)
- a. Objectives:
- To stir up the atmosphere and activate students' knowledge on the topic;
- To set the context for the listening and reading part;
- To enhance students' skills of cooperating with teammates.
- **b.** Content:
- Jigsaw puzzle
- c. Expected outcomes:
- Students can recognise and name different forms of mass media.
- d. Organisation:

TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Jigsaw puzzle	- Students work in groups.	Picture 1:
- Teacher divides the class into two	- Students look at the picture	Picture 1.
teams.	that the teacher shows them	





- Teacher prepares the pictures of 5 mass media forms and a key picture
- Teacher gives instructions for the game:
- + Students work in 2 teams, take turn to choose a number and guess the name of each media form in the picture.
- + If the answer is correct, the team gets 10 point.
- + If the answer is incorrect, the chance to answer is transferred to the other team.
- + The first team to get the key picture will get 50 points.
- + The team having more points is the winner of the game.

and give the name of the mass media form.



Picture 2:



Picture 3:



Picture 4:



Picture 5:



Key picture:



#### Answer:

Picture 1: electronic book

Picture 2: video Picture 3: software Picture 4: video game Picture 5: social media Key picture: Digital media

e. Assessment





- T observes and gives feedback.

### 2. ACTIVITY 1: PRESENTATION (5 mins)

#### a. Objectives:

- To provide students with new words related the topic;
- To help students be well-prepared for the listening and reading tasks.

#### **b.** Content:

- Vocabulary pre-teaching

#### c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can identify some new words related to the topic.

#### d. Organisation

TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Vocabulary pre-teaching  - Teacher introduces the vocabulary.  - Teacher explains the meaning of the new vocabulary by pictures.  - Teacher checks students' understanding with the "Rub out and remember" technique.  - Teacher reveals that these five words will appear in the reading text and asks students to open their textbook to discover further.	<ul> <li>Students listen to the teacher's explanation and guess the words.</li> <li>Students write down the new words in their notebook.</li> </ul>	

#### e. Assessment

- Teacher checks students' pronunciation and gives feedback.
- Teacher observes students' writing of vocabulary in their notebooks.

#### 3. ACTIVITY 2: PRACTICE (22 mins)

#### a. Objectives:

- To help students get to know the topic;
- To introduce words and phrases related to the International Cultural Festival;
- To help Ss identify the articles.

#### **b.** Content:

- Task 1: Listen and read. (p.20-21)
- Task 2: Read the conversation again and complete the table. (p.21)
- Task 3: Find words and a phrase in Task 1 with the following words and phrases. (p.21)
- Task 4: Complete the sentences based on the conversation. (p.21)

#### c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can thoroughly understand the content of the text and complete the tasks successfully.





TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS		
Task 1: Listen and read. (6 mins)				
<ul> <li>Set the context for the listening and reading.</li> <li>Ask Ss to look at the picture, the heading and the conversation, and ask questions.</li> <li>Play the recording twice for Ss to listen and read silently along. Have Ss underline words/phrases related to the culture in the conversation.</li> <li>Put Ss in pairs and ask them to compare the words and phrases they have underlined and discuss their meaning. Then check comprehension as a class.</li> <li>Call on three Ss to read the conversation aloud.</li> <li>In stronger classes, teacher asks Ss to close their books and just listen to the conversation once. Teacher asks some comprehension questions to check understanding. Then have them open their books and listen again, this time following the text and checking if their</li> </ul>	- Students look at the picture and answer the questions Students listen to the recording Students underline words/phrases related to the culture in the conversation Students compare the words and phrases with their partners Students read the conversation aloud.	Questions: 1. Who are the speakers? 2. What do you think they are discussing? 3. What types of mass media are mentioned in the discussion?  Suggested answers: 1. Mai and her friends, Mark and Linda 2. The promotion of a charity event Mai is in charge of 3. local newspapers, posters, the Internet/social media sites, etc.		
answers were correct.				
Task 2: Read the conversation again and circle the correct answer. (5 mins)				
- Ask Ss to read the conversation again and circle the correct answers. Ask them to identify and underline the key words in the statements first (e.g. 1. advertising, local newspaper). Then have them read the conversation again and locate the part that contains the information for each idea. Have them compare the information in the conversation with each idea to work out which is the correct answer, and why.  - Have Ss work in pairs to discuss and compare their answers.  - Check answers as a class. Encourage Ss to explain where in the conversation they can find the correct answer.	- Students work independently to do the activityStudents compare the answers in pairs.	Answer key: 1. expensive, won't attract 2. not expensive, may not 3. promoting 4. Linda		
Task 3: Find words in 1 with the followi		T		
- Have Ss look at the first letters of the words and phrases. Explain that these words are related to the mass media and	-Students read the conversation again and work independently to do the activity.	Answer key: 1. publicity 2. viewers 3. commercials		





they are all in the conversation in Activity 1.  - Ask Ss to read the definitions and find the words/phrases so that the words/phrases on the left match the definitions on the right, and they should start with the letters given.  - Check answers as a class.	- Students share and check the answers.	4. presence		
Task 4: Match the two clauses to make s	Task 4: Match the two clauses to make sentences used in 1. (5 mins)			
<ul> <li>Tell Ss to read the clauses. Encourage them to identify the key words and locate the information in the conversation.</li> <li>Ask Ss to complete the sentences by matching two clauses.</li> <li>Check answers as a class.</li> <li>Highlight the use of adverbial clauses to indicate manner (1B, 2C) and result (3D, 4A).</li> </ul>	- Students work individually to complete the sentences - Students share and check the answers.	Answer key: 1 - b 2 - c 3 - d 4 - a		

#### e. Assessment

- Teacher checks students' exercises individually and gives feedback.

# **4. ACTIVITY 3: PRODUCTION** (10 mins)

#### a. Objectives:

- To help Ss memorize the key information about a charity event;
- To get Ss to speak about a charity event.

#### **b.** Content:

- Design a poster to introduce a charity event.

#### c. Expected outcomes:

- Ss can design a poster and make a short presentation about a charity event.

TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS	
Design a poster to introduce the International Cultural Festival (10 mins)			
<ul> <li>Teacher lets Ss work in groups of 4. Give each group a big sheet of paper and colours.</li> <li>Give instructions to students.</li> <li>Ask students to draw a poster about a charity event. They can use words, icons or images to illustrate.</li> <li>Teacher asks all groups to stick their works on the blackboard.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Students work in groups to follow teacher's instruction.</li><li>Students perform in front of the class.</li></ul>	Students' own creativity	





- Teacher calls on some groups to present their	
group poster.	
- Teacher asks other groups to listen and give	
comments.	
- Teacher gives feedback and gives marks to	
the best group.	

#### e. Assessment

- Teacher's observation on Ss' performance.
- Teacher's feedback and peers' feedback.

#### 5. CONSOLIDATION

## a. Wrap-up

- Teacher asks students to talk about what they have learnt in the lesson.

#### b. Homework

- Do exercises in the workbook.
- Prepare for the project in Lesson 8

