**Date of planning: 20 / 3 / 2025** 

**PERIOD 82:** 

# **MID-TERM TEST**

# SỞ GD&ĐT QUẢNG NAM TRƯỜNG THPT ĐỖ ĐĂNG TUYỀN

(Đề thi có 04 trang)

# KIỂM TRA GIỮA HỌC KỲ II NĂM HỌC 2024 - 2025 MÔN: TIẾNG ANH 12

Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút (không kể thời gian phát đề)

Họ và tên:	Số báo danh:		Mã đề 001
Lớp: 12/			
LISTENING (2.0pts)	·		
	- 4, you will hear a girl talk	ing abo	ut Traditional media. Listen
carefully and	, <b>,</b>	J	
match the two parts to mo	ake complete sentences. You	u will lis	sten twice.
Question 1: The first new	spapers appeared		•••••
Question 2: Books were	more accessible		•••••
Question 3: Radio, televi	sion, and video appeared		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Question 4: Television pr	resented information aurally	and vis	ually
<b>A:</b> in the 20th century.	•		•
<b>B:</b> in Europe in 1453.			
<b>C:</b> around 1612.			
<b>D:</b> in the 1920s.			

PART 2: For questions 5-8, listen to a recording about Chat GPT then mark the letter A, B, C or D on

your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions. You will listen twice.

**Question 5:** When was Chat GPT launched?

**A.** November 2020 **B.** November 2022 **C.** December 2022 **D.** January 2023

**Question 6:** What types of sources did Chat GPT's training data come from?

- **A.** Written material from books, articles, and online sources
- **B.** Only academic journals
- C. Social media posts and personal emails
- **D.** Video transcripts and podcasts

**Question 7:** What can Chat GPT do?

- **A.** Chat GPT can only write text in one language.
- **B.** Chat GPT cannot explain topics or write text.
- C. Chat GPT can explain topics, write text in different languages, and talk with people.
- **D.** Chat GPT can only hold conversations.

**Question 8:** Which advantage of Chat GPT is NOT mentioned?

- A. Handle a Variety of Topics B. Understand and Interprets Text or Speech
- C. Generate Text in Various Styles. D. Create physical objects.

**LANGUAGE USE: (3.0pts)** 

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the



other three in

pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 9: A. security	<b>B.</b> hands-on	C. milestone	<b>D.</b> self-driving
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to			
indicate the word that differs from the			
other three in the position of the			
primary stress in each of the following			
questions.			
Question 10: A. revolution	<b>B.</b> generation	C. intelligence	<b>D.</b> entertainment

Mark the letter A, B, (	C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each
of the following questi	ons.
Question 11:	intelligence relies on large sets of data to learn and make accurate
predictions.	
A. Digital B. Virtual C.	Visual <b>D.</b> Artificial
Question 12: Mass	plays a crucial role in shaping public opinion.
A. media B. sort C. figu	re <b>D.</b> site
Question 13: Gibbons	have already lost most of their natural and the remaining
populations	
are in protected areas.	
A. status B. habitat C. o	condition <b>D.</b> position
Question 14: Tigers are	e in dangerbeing poached for their body parts such as bones,
teeth, etc.	
<b>A.</b> for <b>B.</b> with <b>C.</b> of <b>D.</b>	by
Mark the letter A, B,	C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word OPPOSITE in
meaning to the underl	ined word in the following question.
Question 15: Some vie	wers complained about the political biases in the news reporting last

A. fairness B. issues C. favourites D. arguments

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct arrangement of the sentences to make a meaningful exchange in the following question.

#### **Ouestion 16:**

night.

- a. Mai: I love that! It's a great way to help the environment.
- b. Mai: That's awesome, Phuc! How does this work?
- c. Phuc: Our school started a recycling program and I'm so excited to be a part of it.
- d. Phuc: Exactly, everyone should get involved in this initiative.
- e. Phuc: We collect plastic and paper every week to reduce waste.

A. c-b-e-a-d B. a-d-c-e-b C. c-d-e-b-a D. d-e-a-b-c

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in the following question.

**Question 17:** The man treats people as if he is their boss, even though he's just a colleague. **A.** The **B.** is **C.** even **D.** just

Read the following advertisement and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 18 to 20.

### **Unlock the Power of Social Media!**

Social media is a great way to connect, learn, and grow. Whether you are a student, a



business owner, or just someone who loves sharing opportunities! - (18) you use social - Many influencers have their p. This platform provides (20) Start your journey today! Sign Question 18: A. Unless Question 19: A. edit Question 20: A. effect	media wisely, you will boosts (19)by proposes (19) and the best seems to community now to learn the best seems. If C. U.S. to edit C. C.	ouild a strong online professionals to attract relicate and express you social media strategies. Until <b>D.</b> Althound iting <b>D.</b> edited	resence. more followers. rself. s! gh	
READING:			(2.5pts)	
Read the following passage of indicate the correct word or p	The state of the s	· ·	answer sheet to	
25. For many people, buying and	reading a newspaper is p	oart of their daily rou	tine. They enjoy	
spending time searching the	pages for interesting po	olitical stories, laugh	ing at cartoons,	
(21)up on the late				
their newspaper into work, or		_	er breakfast is a	
tradition for many people. The			torted turning to	
There has been a news revolut the Internet to provide them w		· ·	_	
-	•			
reports online and now nearly all the major newspapers have online (22)				
So why should we pay for newspapers anymore?				
However, the popularity of or	•	ed. News is now so	widely available	
online (23) newspapers are losing money. Fewer people are buying newspapers so				
companies have to spend more to maintain their websites. And because Internet news				
contains videos and graphics, the costs are even higher. (24), some of the big				
papers have started charging pe	eople to read their newspa	apers online.		
The newspapers have a difficu	alt choice to make. Will	people continue to v	isit their sites if	
they have to pay? Will they visit another newspaper's site which is still free? Will they start				
buying newspapers again? Many say that the idea of the Internet is to allow people to have				
free information and they will not agree to pay for it. Others, (25), have said that				
this step is inevitable and soon we shall have to pay more for information that we find online.				
We'll have to wait to see what happens.				
(Adapted from Gateway)				
Question 21. A. catching	<b>B.</b> turning	C. keeping	<b>D.</b> going	
Question 22. A. branches	<b>B.</b> styles	C. versions	D. views	
Question 23. A. which Question 24. A. Unluckily	<ul><li><b>B.</b> who</li><li><b>B.</b> Unsurprisingly</li></ul>	C. as C. Additionally	<ul><li><b>D.</b> that</li><li><b>D.</b> Unfortunately</li></ul>	
Question 25. A. however	<b>B.</b> therefore	C. Additionally C. moreover	<b>D.</b> despite	

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 26 to 30.

Since the world became industrialized, the number of animal species that have either become extinct or have neared extinction has increased. Bengal tigers, for instance, which once



roamed the jungles in vast numbers, now number only about 2,300. By the year 2025, it is estimated that they will become extinct.

What is alarming about the case of the Bengal tiger is that this extinction will have been caused almost entirely by poachers who, according to some sources, are not always interested in material gain but in personal gratification. This is an example of the callousness that is contributing to the problem of extinction. Animals, such as Bengal tiger, as well as other endangered species, are valuable parts of the world's ecosystem. International laws protecting these animals must be enacted to ensure their survival and the survival of our planet. Countries around the world have begun to deal with the problem in various ways. Some countries, in an effort to avoid the problem, have allocated large amounts of land to animal reserves. They then charge admission prices to help **defray** the costs of maintaining the parks, and they often must also depend on world organizations for support. This money enables them to invest in equipment and patrols to protect the animals. Another response to the increase in animal extinction is an international boycott of products made from endangered species. This has had some effect, but by itself it will not prevent animals from being hunted and killed.

(Adapted from moon.vn)

Question 26. What is the main topic of the passage?

A. endangered species

**B.** international boycotts

C. the Bengal tiger

**D.** problems with industrialization

Question 27. Bengal tigers are becoming extinct because

**A.** they have lost their natural habitat

**B.** they are unable to adapt to climate change

**C.** they are hunted by poachers

**D.** they are dying of natural causes

Question 28. The word "defray" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to\_\_\_\_\_\_

A. reduce B. raise C. make D. pay

**Question 29.** Which of the following is mentioned in paragraph 3 as a way to protect animals from extinction?

**A.** Charge admission prices to animal reserves. **B.** Support world organizations.

C. Allocate land to animal reserves.	<b>D.</b> Accept buying animal
<b>Ouestion 30.</b> What can be interred from the	products.
passage?	products.

- **A.** Bengal tigers have become extinct.
- **B.** Some poachers feel guilty about their actions.
- C. Some countries refuse to buy animal products to protect endangered species.
- **D.** Poachers sometimes kill tigers for reasons beyond financial profit.

**WRITING**: (2.5pts) **PART** 1: (1.5 pts)

Combine each pair of sentences into one by using the given words.

**Question 31:** Immediate measures must be taken to combat illegal trade. Otherwise, wildlife population will continue to decline. (**If**)

.....

Question 32: The advertisement was persuasive. It convinced everyone to try the new



product. (suchthat)
It was
Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means the same as the
sentence printed
before it.
<b>Question 33:</b> Hiring a full-time employee to do the job is more expensive than renting a
robot. (asas)
Renting a robot to do the job is not
PART 2: Write an essay (110 - 130 words) about the advantages and disadvantages of
using robots in education. Use the suggested outline below to help you.

# Introduction

Robots are widely used in many fields......
They have both advantages

and disadvantages.....

# **Body**

- Advantages:
- + Robots can make learning more interactive and engaging.
- + Robots can instantly assess a student's performance and provide immediate feedback.
- Disadvantages:
- + The cost of purchasing and maintaining robots can be high.
- + Students may become overly reliant on technology.

### Conclusion

In conclusion, robots can enhance learning by making it more engaging and interactive

. . . . . . . . .

---- THE END



**Date of planning: 27 / 3 / 2025** 

**PERIOD 83:** 

# **LESSON PLAN**

(Based on Official Letter No. 5512/BGDÐT-GDTrH dated December 18, 2020 of the MOET)

## **UNIT 9: CAREER PATHS**

Lesson 1: Getting started - Q&A with a career adviser.

# I. OBJECTIVES

By the end of this lesson, Ss will be able to:

### 1. Knowledge

- Get an overview about the topic Q&A with a career adviser.
- Use vocabulary to talk about careers.

### 2. Competences

- Develop communication skills and creativity
- Be collaborative and supportive in pair work and teamwork

### 3. Personal qualities

- Be ready for their future career.
- Actively join in class activities

### II. MATERIALS

- Grade 12 textbook, Unit 9, Getting started
- Computer connected to the Internet
- Projector / TV
- hoclieu.vn

Language analysis

Form	Pronunciation	Meaning	Vietnamese equivalent
1. automate (v)	/ˈɔːtəmeɪt/	to make a process in a factory or office operate by machines or computers, in order to reduce the amount of work done by humans and the time taken to do the work	Tự động hoá
2. adapt (v)	/əˈdæpt/	to change, or to change something, to suit different conditions or uses	Thích nghi
3. pursue (v)	/pəˈsjuː/	to follow someone or something, usually to try to catch him/her, or it	Theo đuổi



4. look down on	/ˈlʊk daʊn ɒn/	to feel that someone is less important than you or does not deserve respect	Khinh thường
5. in demand	/ın dı'ma:nd/	needed or wanted by many people	Yêu cầu, mong muốn, đòi hỏi
6. soft skills (n)	/ˈsɒft skɪlz/	people's abilities to communicate with each other and work well together	Các kĩ năng mềm
7. applicant (n)	/ˈæp.lɪ.kənt/	a person who formally requests something, especially a job, or to study at a college or university	Người nộp đơn, ứng cử viên
8. come up	/kam/ /ap/	to suggest or think of an idea or plan	Nghĩ ra, nảy ra sáng kiến
9. keep up	/ki:p/ /ʌp/	to do whatever is necessary to stay level or equal with someone or something	Sự duy trì, tiếp tục một hoạt động
10. Critical thinking	/ˌkrɪt.ɪ.kəl ˈθɪŋ.kɪŋ/	the process of thinking carefully about a subject or idea, without allowing feelings or opinions to affect you	Tư duy phản biện
11. Job market	/dzvb//ˈmaː.kɪt/	the number of jobs that are available in a particular place or for a particular type of work	Thị trường việc làm
12. The sooner, The better		as quickly as possible	"Càng sớm, Càng tốt"

Assumption

Anticipated difficulties	Solutions	
Students may lack knowledge and	- Encourage students to work in groups so that	
experiences about the topic.	they can help each other.	
	- Give short, clear instructions, and help if	
	necessary.	

# III. PROCEDURES

- **1. WARM-UP** (5 mins)
- a. Objectives:
- To introduce the topic of the unit.
- To set the context for the listening and reading part.



#### **b.** Content:

- Mini game: The race

### c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can answer some open questions about career.

### d. Organisation:

TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Lucky Wheel		Answer keys:
- Ss work in 2 teams Tiger and	- Students raise hands and	
Rabbit.	answer the questions in their	
- With each correct answer, the	team.	
team's animal jumps one step		
above.		
- The first team that comes to the		
top is the winner.		
- T leads into the lesson.		

#### e. Assessment

- T observes and gives feedback.

### 2. ACTIVITY 1: PRESENTATION (5 mins)

### a. Objectives:

- To provide students with new words related the topic Career paths
- To help students be well-prepared for the listening and reading tasks.

### **b.** Content:

- Vocabulary pre-teaching

### c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can identify some new words related to urbanisation.

### d. Organisation

TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Vocabulary pre-teaching	- Students listen to the teacher's	New words:
- Teacher gives the meaning of the new	explanation and guess the	1. automate (v)
words and asks students to guess the	words.	2. adapt (v)
words.		3. pursue (v)
- Teacher explains more by showing		4. look down on
pictures or giving explanations.		5. in demand
- Teacher asks students to give the		6. soft skills (n)
Vietnamese meanings of the words.		7. applicant (n)
		8. come up
		9. keep up
		10. Critical thinking
		11. Job market
		12. The sooner, The
		better

### e. Assessment

- Teacher checks students' pronunciation & understanding and gives feedback.



# 3. ACTIVITY 2: PRACTICE (30 mins)

### a. Objectives:

- To introduce some vocabulary and the grammar points to be learnt in the unit.
- To check Ss' comprehension of the conversation.
- To introduce words and phrases related to career paths.
- To help Ss identify three-word phrasal verbs.

### **b.** Content:

- Task 1: Listen and read. (p.116)
- Task 2: Read the conversation again. Decide whether the following statements are true (T) or false (F). (p.117)
- Task 3: Find words and phrases in Task 1 with the following meanings. (p.117)
- Task 4: Complete the sentences using phrasal verbs from the conversation in Task 1. (p.117)

### c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can understand the lesson and do the tasks successfully.

TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Task 1: Listen and read. (8 mins)		1
- Focus Ss' attention on the title and	- Students look at the picture	
heading. Check if Ss understand the	and answer the questions.	
meaning of the phrase career	- Students listen to the	
adviser. Have Ss explain it, e.g. a	recording.	
person who gives advice about	- Students read the	
careers.	conversation aloud.	
- Set the context for listening and		
reading the conversation. Encourage		
Ss to give answers, but do not		
confirm whether their answers are		
right or wrong.		
- Play the recording twice for Ss to		
listen and read along. Have Ss		
underline words and phrases related		
to career while they are listening and		
reading.		
- Put Ss in pairs and have them		
compare the words and phrases they		
have underlined and discuss their		
meaning. Then check		
comprehension as a class.		
- Call on some Ss to read the		
conversation aloud.		
Task 2: Read the conversation again	n. Decide whether the following	statements are true (T) or false
<b>(F).</b> (7 mins)		1
- Ask Ss to work in pairs and read	- Students work and compare	Answer key:
each statement carefully. Ask them	the answers in pairs.	1. F
to identify and underline the key		2. T



words and important information in		3. F
the statements, then read the		4. T
conversation and decide whether		
each of the statements is true (T) or		
false (F).		
- Have Ss share their answers with		
the class.		
- Confirm the correct answers.		
Task 3: Find words and phrases in '	<u>Γask 1 with the following meaning</u>	<b>ngs.</b> (8 mins)
- Ask Ss to read the definitions, then	- Students read the	Answer key:
scan the conversation looking for	conversation again and work	1. pursue
words or phrases matching the	individually to do the activity.	2. automated
meanings.	- Students share and check the	3. in demand
- Encourage students to look at the	answers.	4. soft skills
given initials of the words and		5. adapt to
phrases so that they can find them		T. Many
more quickly.		
- Have Ss compare and share their		
answers with the class.		
- Confirm the correct answers.		
	a nhuggal washa from the conver	gation in Tagk 1 (7 mins)
Task 4: Complete the sentences using		l ·
- Have Ss read the text individually.	- Students work individually to	Answer key:
Encourage them to try to complete it	find and underline the phrases	1. keep up with 2. look down on
with an appropriate verb phrase	used to give directions in the conversation.	
without referring to the conversation. Then ask them to find	- Students match each direction	3. come up with
the answers in the conversation.	with the diagram.	
- Check answers as a class. First ask		
the class to call out the phrasal		
verbs, then call on individual Ss to		
read the complete sentences.		
- Tell Ss that they will learn more		
about the grammar point in the		
following lesson.		

- Teacher checks students' exercises individually and gives feedback.

## 4. ACTIVITY 3: PRODUCTION (10 mins)

### a. Objectives:

- To help Ss practise talking about urbanisation.

### **b.** Content:

- Role play
- Task 5: Work in pairs. Student A thinks of a career and tries to explain it to student B without telling the career's name. Student B guesses the job. And then they swap their positions. Extra question: Do you think your career can be replaced by AI in the future?

### c. Expected outcomes:



- Students can understand the lesson and do the tasks successfully.

#### d. Organisation

TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS	
Task 5: Work in pairs. Student A thinks of a career and tries to explain it to student B without			
telling the career's name. Student B guesses the job. And then they swap their positions. Extra			
question: Do you think your career	can be replaced by AI in the fut	ure? (10 mins)	
- Ask Ss to work in pairs.	- Students work in pairs to	Suggested answer:	
- Elicit some careers and their	follow the teacher's		
characters.	instruction.		
- Tell Ss to look at the vocabulary	- Students practice in pairs.		
list and Task 1 again to find ideas.	- Students perform in front of		
- When they know exactly what to	the class.		
do, ask them to work in pairs.			
Teacher may go around to observe			
and offer help if necessary.			
- Invite some pairs to perform in			
front of the class.			

#### e. Assessment

- Teacher and other Ss listen to the instructions and comment.

#### 5. CONSOLIDATION

#### a. Wrap-up

- Teacher asks students to talk about what they have learnt in the lesson.

#### b. Homework

- Do exercises in the workbook.
- Start preparing for the Project of the unit:
- Ask Ss open their books at the last page of Unit 9, the Project section, look at the title of the project: School-leavers' career choices
- Explain the Project requirements: Ss will have to collect information from 10 classmates about their career plans, and then report the survey results to the class. Their report should include answers to the survey questions.
- Explain to Ss how to carry out the survey and take notes of the answers to get information for the report.
- Put Ss into groups, and have them choose their group leader. Then ask them to assign tasks, e.g. designing the survey questionnaires, collecting information from their classmates, compiling and synthesizing information collected from the classmates, preparing the slides and writing and delivering the report, to each group member, making sure that all group members contribute to the project.
- Help Ss set deadlines for each task and support them throughout the process.
- In each of the next lessons, spend a few minutes checking Ss' progress, helping them with any topic-related or functional language they need, e.g. names of different careers, interests, different kinds of training, different skills and solving any other problems that may arise with their projects.

### **Board plan**



# Date of teaching

# Unit 9: Career Paths Lesson 1: Getting started

### \* Warm-up

### \* Vocabulary

Task 1: Listen and read. (p.116)

Task 2: Read the conversation again. Decide whether the following statements are true (T) or false (F). (p.117)

Task 3: Find words and phrases in Task 1 with the following meanings. (p.117)

Task 4: Complete the sentences using phrasal verbs from the conversation in Task 1.

(p.117)

Task 5: Role- play.

### \*Homework



**Date of planning: 27 / 3 / 2025** 

**PERIOD 84:** 

# **UNIT 9: CAREER PATHS**

**Lesson 2: Language** 

### I. OBJECTIVES

By the end of this lesson, Ss will be able to:

### 1. Knowledge

- Use the lexical items related to the topic *career paths*.
- Use three-word phrasal verbs correctly.
- Use sentence stress appropriately to speak with a natural rhythm.

#### 2. Competences

- Develop communication skills
- Be collaborative and supportive in pair work and teamwork

### 3. Personal qualities

- Be ready for their future career.
- Actively join in class activities

### II. MATERIALS

- Grade 12 textbook, Unit 9, Language
- Computer connected to the Internet
- Projector / TV
- hoclieu.vn

Language analysis

Form	Pronunciation	Meaning	Vietnamese equivalent
passion (n)	/'pæʃn/	a very powerful feeling, for example of sexual attraction, love, hate, anger, or other emotion	Đam mê
passionate (adj)	/ˈpæʃənət/	showing or caused by strong feelings or a strong belief	Say đắm
work experience (n)	/ˈwɜːk ɪkspɪəriəns/	a period of time that a young person, especially a student, spends working in a company as a form of training	Kinh nghiệm làm việc

### Sentence stress and rhythm

- Content words (e.g. main verbs, nouns, adjectives, and adverbs) are often stressed, while grammatical words (e.g. conjunctions, pronouns, prepositions, auxiliaries, and articles) are not.
- This combination of stressed and unstressed syllables produces the rhythm of spoken English.
- To sound natural and fluent, you should try to stress the correct words in your spoken



#### sentences.

### Three-word phrasal verbs

• In addition to two-word phrasal verbs, there are three-word phrasal verbs that usually consist of a verb, an adverb, and a preposition.

Some three-word phrasal verbs may have an obvious meaning that we can guess from the parts. e.g. walk away from, climb out through.

#### Example:

- The driver walked away from the burning car.
- The thief climbed out through the window.

Many three-word phrasal verbs have an idiomatic meaning which is difficult to guess from their individual parts.

- She gets on with all the members of her team.
- I can't put up with his bad behaviour any longer.
- Three-word phrasal verbs need an object, which always comes immediately after the preposition,

and not in any other place

#### **Assumption**

Anticipated difficulties	Solutions
Students may lack knowledge about some lexical items.	Provide students with the meaning and pronunciation of some lexical items.
Students may have underdeveloped listening, speaking and co-operating skills.	<ul> <li>Play the recording many times if any necessary.</li> <li>Encourage students to work in pairs, in groups so that they can help each other.</li> <li>Provide feedback and help if necessary.</li> </ul>
Some students will excessively talk in the class.	<ul><li>Define expectation in explicit detail.</li><li>Continue to define expectations in small chunks (before every activity).</li></ul>

## III. PROCEDURES

### **1. WARM-UP** (5 mins)

### a. Objectives:

- To activate students' prior knowledge and vocabulary related to the topic, the targeted vocabulary, and its pronunciation.

#### **b.** Content:

- Mini game: Hide and seek

## c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can understand the lesson and do the tasks successfully.

TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS



Game: Hide and seek	- Students work in groups to	Answer key:
- Teacher divides students into 4 groups	do the activity.	1. B
and models how to play this game.		2. C
- Ss find the correct answer of job		3. A
descriptions.		4. D
- The group with the most correct		5. B
answers will be the winner.		6. D
		7. C

- Teacher observes and gives feedback.

# 2. ACTIVITY 1: PRONUNCIATION (10 mins)

### a. Objectives:

- To help Ss recognise sentence stress and practise speaking sentences with natural rhythm.
- To help Ss practise saying sentences with correct stress and natural rhythm.

#### **b.** Content:

- Task 1: Listen and repeat. Pay attention to the sentence stress and rhythm. (p.118)
- Task 2: Underline the stressed words in the sentences. Listen and check. Then practise saying the sentences with a natural rhythm. (p.118)

### c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can understand the lesson and do the tasks successfully.

TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS		
Task 1: Listen and repeat. Pay attention to the sentence stress and rhythm. (4 mins)				
- Have students look at the Remember box to revise sentence stress and rhythm. Have them revise the types of words that are often stressed in sentences: nouns, verbs, adjectives, and adverbs Play the recording for Ss to listen and repeat. Ask Ss to pay attention to the sentence stress and natural rhythm Have Ss work in pairs to say these sentences with the correct sentence stress and natural rhythm.	- Students read the Remember Box - Students listen to the recording and check the sentence stress Students listen again and repeat the sentences.	Audio scripts  1. It depends on the industry and the field of work that you are interested in.  2. There are many jobs that don't require a university degree.  3. These soft skills will help you adapt to changes and come up with solutions to challenging problems.		
Task 2: Underline the stressed words in the sentences. Listen and check. Then practise saying the sentences with a natural rhythm. (6 mins)				
<ul> <li>Ask Ss to listen to the sentences and underline the stressed words.</li> <li>Play the recording several times, if necessary, pause after each sentence for Ss to repeat.</li> </ul>	- Students listen to the recording and check the stressed words - Students listen again and repeat the sentences.	Answer key: 1. I'd <u>like</u> to <u>apply</u> for the <u>position</u> of <u>Assistant</u>		



- Check answers as a class.		Teacher.
- Put Ss into pairs and have them practise saying these sentences. Walk round the class, praising pairs for good effort and saying the sentences with correct sentence	2.	We've <u>received</u> a lot of <u>application</u> <u>letters</u> .
stress and natural rhythm.	3.	We've <b>chosen</b> the
		<b>best applicants</b> to
		<u>interview.</u>
	4.	Successful
		applicants will
		start work in the
		<u>new office</u> .

- Teacher observes and gives feedback.

### 3. ACTIVITY 2: VOCABULARY (11 mins)

### a. Objectives:

- To introduce words and phrases related to future employment.
- To help Ss practise using the phrases in Activity 1 in meaningful contexts.

#### **b.** Content:

- Task 1: Match the words/phrase (1–5) with the phrases (a–e) to make phrases with the meanings below. (p.118)
- Task 2: Complete the sentences using the correct forms of the phrases in Task 1 (p.118)

### c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can understand the lesson and do the tasks successfully.

TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS		
Task 1: Match the words/phrase (1–5) with the phrases (a–e) to make phrases with the				
meanings below. (6 mins)	meanings below. (6 mins)			
- Tell Ss that the meaning of each	- Students read the words and	Answer key:		
phrase is attached to the second part	do the matching.	1. C		
of the phrase.	- Students work in pairs and	2. D		
- Ask Ss to read the definitions of	check answers.	3. A		
the phrases.		4. E		
- Have Ss match the first and the		5. B		
second parts of the phrases				
individually. Make sure the phrases				
match their meanings.				
- Have Ss compare their answers in				
pairs.				
- Check answers as a class. Call on				
one student to read a phrase aloud				
and another student to read its				



definition.		
Task 2: Complete the sentences usin	g the correct forms of the phras	es in Task 1. (5 mins)
- Have Ss work in pairs. Tell them to	- Students work in pairs and	Answer key:
read the sentences and decide which	practice reading the sentences.	1. pursue her passion for
phrase in Activity 1 can be used to		2. gained work experience
complete each of the sentences.		3. have an outgoing personality
Explain that they can use the context		4. develop soft skills
clues to decide on the word or		5. deal with stressful situations
phrase needed, e.g. in sentence 1, the		
phrase 'left her current job in order		
to', gives us the hint about some		
personal plan. Among the given		
phrases, 'pursue passion for' is		
best suited.		
- Check answers as a class. Have		
individual Ss call out the phrase they		
have used in each sentence.		
- Confirm the correct answers. Ask		
Ss to explain why they have chosen		
the phrase for each sentence using		
context clues, e.g. In the second		
sentence, the phrases 'earned some		
money' and 'from my previous part-		
time jobs' give us a hint that the		
phrase 'gain work experience' is the		
answer.		
- Ask individual Ss to read the		
complete sentences.		

- Teacher observes and gives feedback.

### **4. ACTIVITY 3: GRAMMAR** (16 mins)

### a. Objectives:

- To help Ss recognise and practise perfect gerunds.
- To help further practise three-word phrasal verbs in making true sentences about the career path of someone that they know.

#### **b.** Content:

- Task 1: Match the verbs in 1–4 with the adverbs (a–d) and the prepositions in a-d to make complete sentences. (p 119)
- Task 2: Work in pairs. make true sentences about the career path of someone you know, using three-word phrasal verbs. (p 119)

### c. Expected outcomes:

- Students can understand the lesson and do the tasks successfully.

TEACHER'S ACTIVITIES	STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENTS
Task 1: Match the verbs in 1–4 with the adverbs (a–d) and the prepositions in a-d to make		



complete sentences. (8 mins)			
- Ask Ss to look at the Remember!	- Students work and check in	Answer key:	
box and read the notes about three-	pairs.	1. through - C	
word phrasal verbs. Check	- Students practice reading the	2. up - D	
understanding by asking, e.g. Can	sentences.	3. forward - A	
we guess the meaning of all three-		4. down - B	
word phrasal verbs from their parts?			
(No, only some three-word phrasal			
verbs have an obvious meaning that			
we can guess from the parts. Many			
three-word phrasal verbs have			
idiomatic meanings); Where does an			
object of a three-word phrasal verb			
come from? (Immediately after the			
preposition)			
- Tell Ss to work in pairs or			
individually to complete the activity.			
- Check answers as a class.			
- Have Ss read out loud each of the			
complete sentence.			
Task 2: Work in pairs. make true se	entences about the career path of	f someone you know, using	
three-word phrasal verbs. (8 mins)			
- Have Ss read the instructions and	- Students work and check in	Answer key:	
example, and make sure they all	pairs.	Students' own performance	
understand the context and what	- Students practice reading the		
they have to do.	sentences.		
- Put Ss in pairs and have them tell			
each other their sentences.			
- Invite some Ss to say their			
sentences to the class. Praise the Ss			
with good sentences.			

- Teacher checks students' pronunciation and gives feedback.

# **5. CONSOLIDATION** (3 mins)

# a. Wrap-up

- Teacher asks students to talk about what they have learnt in the lesson.

### b. Homework

- Do exercises in the workbook.

# **Board plan**

Date of teaching
Unit 9: Career Paths



### **Lesson 2: Language**

### \* Warm-up

Game: Hide and Seek

#### **Pronunciation**

- Task 1: Listen and repeat. Pay attention to the sentence stress and rhythm. (p.118)
- Task 2: Underline the stressed words in the sentences. Listen and check. Then practise saying the sentences with a natural rhythm. (p.118)

### Vocabulary

- Task 1: Match the words/phrase (1–5) with the phrases (a–e) to make phrases with the meanings below. (p.118)
- Task 2: Complete the sentences using the correct forms of the phrases in Task 1 (p.118)

#### Grammar

- Task 1: Match the verbs in 1–4 with the adverbs (a–d) and the prepositions in a-d to make

complete sentences. (p 119)

- Task 2: Work in pairs. make true sentences about the career path of someone you know, using three-word phrasal verbs. (p 119)

### \* Homework

